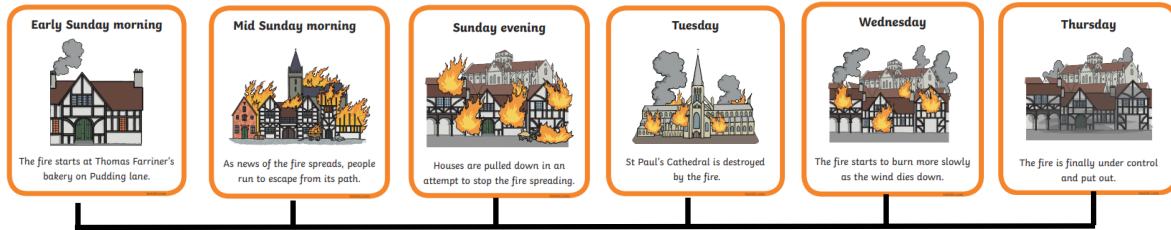


Year 1 British History: Great Fire of London

Key Learning

In 1666 there was a huge fire in London. This is known as the Great Fire of London.



- The fire start 2nd September in a bakery on Pudding Lane.
- The fire burnt for 4 days.
- 6 people died and thousands of buildings were destroyed.
- St Paul's Cathedral was burnt down.
- There were no fire fighters or fire engines in 1666.
- Houses were made of wood and built very close together.



Artefacts

We can look at artefacts to find out about the past.



Leather buckets were used to put out the fire.



Maps that were draw show how the fire spread quickly across London.



Painting show how the fire was put out. Buildings were pulled down and water from the River Thames was used to extinguish the flames.



Fire marks were fixed to properties to prove they had insurance.



Diaries with eye witness accounts help us to know what it was like during the fire.



Key Vocabulary	
London	The capital city of England and the location of the Great Fire.
Baker/ Bakery	A person who bakes bread and the name of the building where the bread is baked.
Century	A period of 100 years.
River Thames	Longest river in England-water was used from the River Thames to try and stop the fire.
Extinguish	To put something out. To put out the fire.
eyewitness	A person that has seen something happen.

Significant People/Places	
Thomas Farriner He owned the bakery where the fire first began.	
Samuel Peyps Samuel Peyps wrote a diary about the things he saw happening during the Great Fire of London.	
Pudding Lane The street where the fire began. The fire began in a bakery	