Autumn 1

Unit 1.7-What does it mean to belong to a faith community?

In this unit of work we will be thinking about belonging and how we all belong to someone. We will learn about how religious people show they belong to their faith community.

Key Learning



Christianity	Islam
Christians go to church ,read	Muslims follow the religion of
stories from the bible and pray	Islam. They pray to Allah and
to God.	read stories from the Qu'ran.
Christians baptise their babies	Muslims use calligraphy to show

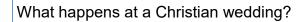


Christians baptise their babies to welcome them into the faith.

Muslims use calligraphy to show what is important to them.







Two people get married.

Couples stand at the altar.

They say vows.

Rings are exchanged.



Key Vocabulary	
calligraphy	The art of producing beautiful handwriting.
wedding	Two people get married and promise to love each other.
belonging	Feeling loved and accepted for who we are.
vows	Promises made during a wedding ceremony.
Exchanging of rings	Shows that the couple are now married.

Baptism

Baptism is a Christian ceremony to welcome a baby into the faith.

Water is poured onto the baby's head in the shape of a cross.

Godparents light candles to show that a new baby is a shining light and they promise to look after the baby and help them to be a good Christian.



Autumn 2/Spring 1

In this unit of work we will begin to understand what Christians believe about God and about Jesus

Key Learning

What Christians believe about God and Jesus

God made the world.

God is the Father.

God sent his son Jesus to teach the people of Earth how to live.

God sees everything.

God knows everything.

Jesus performs miracles.

He tells stories with a moral.





What does God look like?

Key Vocabulary	
10 commandments	Laws spoken by God that Christians should follow.
parable	Religious stories with a moral .
moral	A lesson learnt from a story about right and wrong
miracle	An event that cannot be explained.

Stories and	books
Jonah and the Big Fish	JONAH AND THE BIG FISH
The Lost Son.	The Story of the Lost Son

Spring 2

Unit 1.6– How and why do we celebrate special and sacred times?

In this unit of work we will learn to understand from different religious and spiritual ways of life about Easter and the Muslim festivals of Ramadan and Eid.

Key Learning

Easter Holy week

<u>Day</u>	<u>Events</u>	How it is celebrated
Palm Sunday	Jesus enters Jerusalem on a donkey.	Waving of palm branches
Maundy Thursday	The last Supper, Jesus is betrayed.	King/Queen gives Maundy money to the poor.
Good Friday	Jesus is crucified on a cross.	It is a sad day. Statues are covered in churches and people eat hot cross buns to remember Jesus.
Easter Sunday	The tomb is empty and Jesus has comes back to life(resurrected)	Candles are lit and Easter are given to children.as a sign of new life.

Key Vocabulary	
Easter	A Christian festival to cele-
	brate the life of Jesus.
Crucifixion	When Jesus died on the
	cross.
Resurrection	When Jesus came back to life,
	he had risen from the dead.
Ramadan	A Muslim festival.
Eid	The end of Ramadan.
Fasting	When Muslims don't eat dur-
	ing daylight hours during Ram-
	adan.

Ramadan

A Muslim festival where they fast (don't eat during daylight hours) for a month and think about others.

<u>Eid</u>

Celebrates the end of Ramadan.

Summer 1 and 2

Unit 1.5– What makes some places sacred?

In this unit of work we will think about religious places of worship and identify special objects and symbols found in them .Then we will compare these with objects and symbols found in churches and Mosques.

Key Learning Religion Christianity Islam Music in religion Scriptures Bible Qu'ran We will find out about how some Key facts Followers are called Christians Followers are called Muslims. religions use mu-Believe in God and Jesus. Believe in Allah and Music as part of worhammed (PBUH) Celebrate Christmas and Eastship. Celebrate Ramadan and Eid. Holy day is Sunday. Artefacts Cross– symbol of Jesus' death Prayer beads Bead and wine- the last sup-Prayer mat per.

Key Vocabulary	
Church	Christian place of worship
Imam	Religious leader in Islam
Vicar	Religious leader in Christi- anity
Artefact	An object of religious importance.

Religious buildings A church is a Christian place of worship. A mosque is an Muslim place of worship